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FIRST SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2017

(CUCBCSS-UG)

Complementary Course

STS 1C 01-BASIC STATISTICS AND PROBABILITY

Time : Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A

Answer all questions in one word. Each question carries 1 mark.

Fill up the blanks:

- Two sets of observations with number of elements 10 and 15 respectively, the means are 5 and 10.
 The mean of these 25 observations taken together is _______.
- 2. Harmonic mean of 10 and 15 is -
- 3. If $r_{xy} = 0$, the angle between the regression lines is ————.
- For two events A and B, P(A∪B)=0.6=2P(A∩B); then, P(A)+P(B)=
- If A and B are mutually exclusive, P (A/B) = ______.

Write True or False:

- 6. Mode is a positional average.
- 7. If A and B are exhaustive, $P(A \cup B) = 1$.
- 8. Rank correlation coefficient is used in case of qualitative variables.
- 9. It is possible to find range for data given in grouped frequency table with open ended classes.
- Both the regression coefficients are always having the same sign.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Section B

Answer all questions in one sentence each. Each one carries 2 marks.

- Define central tendency.
- Define geometric mean.
- Obtain the standard deviation of first n natural numbers.
- 14. Define partition of sample space.

Turn over

- 15. Define probability space.
- For two events A and B, P(A) = 1/3, P(B) = 1/4, P(A B) = 1/3. Find P(B/A).
- 17. Two fair dice are thrown. Find the probability that the sum of the numbers shown is more than 1
 17. 2 = 14 mark

Section C

Answer any three questions. Each one carries 4 marks.

- The mean and standard deviation of a variable X are m and n respectively. Obtain the mean standard deviation of Y, where Y = aX + b.
- 19. Given the regression lines 9x 4y + 15 = 0 and 25x 6y 7 = 0. Find the means of the variable
- 20. For two events A and B, P (A) = 0.3, P (B) = p, P (A ∪ B) = 0.8. Find p if A and B are independent
- 21. Define probability mass function and state its properties.
- 22. Find k, if $f(x) = k\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^x$, $x = 1, 2, \dots$ is a probability mass function.

 $(3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ m})$

Section D

Answer any four questions. Each one carries 6 marks.

23. Obtain the mean deviation about mean for the following data:

Class : 0-10 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60-70 Frequency : 6 5 8 15 7 6 3

- 24. Using principle of least squares, explain the fitting of the curve of the form $y = ab^x$.
- 25. Derive Spearman's rank correlation coefficient.
- 26. For any two events A and B, prove that :

(i)
$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$
.

$$(ii)\quad P\left[\left(A\cap B^{c}\right)\cup\left(A^{c}\cap B\right)\right]=P\left(A\right)+P\left(B\right)-2P\left(A\cap B\right).$$

Given the p.d.f. of a random variable X,
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} kx, & \text{for } 0 < x < 1 \\ k, & \text{for } 1 < x < 2 \\ -kx + 3k, & \text{for } 2 < x < 3 \end{cases}$$
 Find (i) k ; (ii) $F(x)$.

8. Given
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x}, x > 0 \\ 0, \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 as the p.d.f. of X. Obtain the p.d.f. of $Y = e^{-x}$.

 $(4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Section E

Answer any two questions. Each one carries 10 marks.

 Define coefficient of variation. 2 cities shows the following prices for a particular commodity recorded over 5 weeks.

City A : 20 22 19 22 23 City B : 18 12 10 20 15

Compare the consistency in the prices for these two cities.

- (i) Write a note on correlation.
- (ii) Show that Pearson's coefficient of correlation r_{xy} , is independent of linear transformation.
- (i) Define conditional probability.
- (ii) State and prove Bayes' theorem.
- Given the distribution function of X as,

$$\mathbf{F}(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{for } x < 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2}, & \text{for } 0 \le x < 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} + k (4x - x^3 - 3), & \text{for } 1 \le x < 2 \\ 1, & \text{for } x \ge 2 \end{cases}$$

- (i) Obtain the p.d.f. of X.
- (ii) Find k.
- (iii) A and B are events denoting $\left(\frac{1}{2} < X < \frac{3}{2}\right)$ and (X > 1) respectively. Verify whether A and B are independent.