

THIRD SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2012

Mathematics—Complementary Course

MM 3C 03—MATHEMATICS

Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

Answer *all* questions. Each question of weightage $\frac{1}{4}$.

- 1 When is $M(x, y) dx + N(x, y) dy$ an exact differential equation ?
- 2 What is the Bernoulli equation ?
- 3 Solve : $y'' = x^{-4}$.
- 4 Define rank of a non-zero matrix 'A'.
- 5 Are the matrices $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ equivalent ?
- 6 What are the characteristic roots of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 9 & -5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$?
- 7 What is the divergence of $\vec{a} = [3xz, 2xy, -yz^2]$?
- 8 What is the volume of a parallel piped with edge vectors \vec{a}, \vec{b} and \vec{c} ?
- 9 State Laplace's equation.
- 10 If a surface S is given by $g(x, y, z) = 0$, what is the unit normal vector to S ?
- 11 Give the parametric representation of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$.
- 12 Give an example of a non-orientable surface.

(12 \times $\frac{1}{4}$ = 3 weightage)Answer *all* questions. Each question of weightage 1.

- 13 Solve : $(1-y) \frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xe^{x^2}, y(0) = 1$.
- 14 Find an integrating factor for $(2\cos y + 4x^2) dx = x \sin y dy$.
- 15 Find the rank of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$.

Turn over

16 If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, use Cayley Hamilton theorem to find A^4 .

✓17 If $\vec{a} = [1, 1, 0]$, $\vec{b} = [3, 2, 1]$ and $\vec{c} = [1, 0, 2]$, find the angle between \vec{a} and $\vec{b} + \vec{c}$.

✓18 Find the tangential and normal accelerations of $\vec{r}(t) = 5t^2\hat{k}$.

✓19 Prove that $\text{curl}(\text{grad } f) = \vec{0}$.

20 Check for path independence : $3z^2dx + 6xzdz$.

21 Use Green's theorem to find the area enclosed by the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 9$.

(9 × 1 = 9 wei

III. Answer any five questions from seven. Each question of weightage 2.

22 Solve : $(2x - 4y + 5)y' + (x - 2y + 3) = 0$.

23 Find the rank by reducing to normal form :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

24 Find the eigenvalues of $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -8 & -12 \\ 1 & 4 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

✓25 Find the directional derivative of $f = xyz$ along $[1, -2, 2]$ at $(-1, 1, 3)$.

26 Test for exactness and hence evaluate :

$$\int_{(0,0,0)}^{(a,b,c)} 2xy^2dx + 2x^2ydy + dz$$

✓27 Find the length of the catenary $\vec{r}(t) = t\hat{i} + \cosh t\hat{j}$ from $t = 0$ to $t = 1$.

28 Evaluate $\iiint \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} dA$ using the Divergence theorem, where :

$$\vec{F} = [x^2, 0, z^2] \text{ and } S \text{ is the box } |x| \leq 1, |y| \leq 3, |z| \leq 2.$$

(5 × 2 = 10 wei

any two questions. Each question of weightage 4.

29 Find the Orthogonal trajectories of $y = c \cdot e^{-x}$.

30 Verify Cayley Hamilton theorem for :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

31 Verify Stokes theorem for $\vec{F} = [z^2, 5x, 0]$ and S is the square $0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1, z = 1$.

(2 × 4 = 8 weightage)