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# THIRD SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2014

(U.G.-CCSS)

Core Course-Physics

PH 3B 05-MECHANICS

(2013 Admissions)

ne: Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

#### Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries ¼ weightage.

- (i) Foucault's Pendulum have freedom of oscillation in : (a) only one direction ; (b) only in two direction ; (c) only in three direction ; and (d) in any direction.
  - (ii) Earth is rotating uniformly about its axis from : (a) East to West ; (b) West to East ;(c) North to south ; and (d) South to North.

  - (iv) The escape velocity from the earth is 11 kms<sup>-1</sup>. The escape velocity from a planet having twice the radius and the same mean density as that of the earth is ? (a) 5.5 kms<sup>-1</sup>; (b) 11 km/s; (c) 22 km/s; and (d) None of these.
- (i) An earth satellite is moved from one circular orbit to another higher circular orbit. Which
  of the following quantities will increase for the satellite: (a) potential energy; (b) Kinetic
  energy; (c) angular velocity; and (d) acceleration.
  - (ii) An object entering the earth atmosphere at high velocity catches fire due to: (a) Viscosity of air; (b) due to pressure of the air; (c) Due to temperature of the air; and (d) none of the above.
  - (iii) For the Lagrangian  $L = \frac{1}{2}q^2 qq + q^2$ , Find p conjugate to q (a)  $p \times q$ ; (b) p + q; (c) p q; (d)  $p \nmid q$ .
  - (iv) A wire is bent in the form of a parabola z = ar² and a bead slides of the wire without friction. The wire is rotated by means of a shaft with a constant angular acceleration. The Hamiltonian is (a) a constant of motion; (b) increasing with time; (c) decreasing with time linearly; and (d) decreasing with time quadratically.

Turn over

- (i) At what velocity along its length will a rod contract 50 %? (a) c/2 ;(b) √3c/2, (c) (d) 5c/9
   (ii) —— is the relativistic mass formula.
  - (iii) Energy equivalent to one a.m.u is \_\_\_\_\_ MeV (a) 937.5; (b) 827.5; (c) 746; and (d) 5
  - (iv) Einstein got Nobel Prize for ———.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{4} = 3 \text{ weight})$ 

### Section B

Answer all **nine** questions.

Each question carries a weightage of 1.

- 4 What is a fictitious force?
- 5 What is the potential energy curve of a particle?
- 6 Explain the law of conservation of mechanical energy.
- 7 What is Galilean Invariance?
- 8 A light and heavy body have equal KE, which one will have greater momentum? Expl
- 9 State Keplers laws.
- 10 What are generalized co-ordinate system?
- 11 What are constraints? Distinguish between holonomic and non-holonomic constraints.
- 12 What do you meant by Hamiltonian of a system?

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ weigh})$ 

#### Section C

Answer any five questions.

Each question carries a weightage of 2.

- 13 What is meant by a non inertial frame of reference?
- 14 Assuming the law of gravitation, find an expression for the period of revolution of a sale
- 15 Show that the following force is conservative.  $F = (y^2 x^2) I + 2 xyj$
- 16 Explain the basic postulates of special theory of relativity.
- 17 State and explain D' Alembert's principle.
- 18 A rod of 1 metre length is moving along its length with a velocity 0.6 c. Calculate its length it appears to an observer on the earth.
- 19 Calculate the speed of electron which has kinetic energy 1.02 MeV.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ weight$ 

## Section D

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries a weightage of 4.

- 20 What is a Foucault pendulum? How does it enable us to demonstrate the rotation of the earth about its own axis?
- Obtain the Lagrange's equation for a conservative system. Show that if a coordinate  $q_i$  is absent in the Lagrangian of a conservative system then  $\frac{dl}{dq}$  is conserved.
- 22 Describe the Michelson-Morley experiment and explain the physical significance of the negative results.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weightage})$