

D 71655

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Name.....

Reg. No.....

THIRD SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2019
(CUCBCSS—UG)

Mathematics

MAT 3B 03—CALCULUS AND ANALYTIC GEOMETRY

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A (Objective Type)

Answer all twelve questions.
Each question carries 1 mark.

1. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x+3}{x^2-9}$.
2. Find $\frac{d}{dx} \ln(x^2+3)$.
3. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x - \sin x}{x}$.
4. Give an example of a sequence which has no upper bound.
5. Find a formula for the n^{th} term of the sequence 1, -4, 9, -16, 25, ...
6. Find $\frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{27} + \frac{1}{81} + \dots$
7. Write a parametrization of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$.
8. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln n}{n} = \dots$

Turn over

9. If $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ converges, then a_n converges to ...
10. Suppose that $a_n > 0$ and $b_n > 0$ for all $n \geq N$. If $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_n}{b_n} = 0$, and $\sum b_n$ converges, then $\sum a_n$...
11. A series $\sum a_n$ is said to be absolutely convergent if ...
12. $\frac{d}{dx} a^x = \dots$

(12 × 1 = 12 marks)

Part B (Short Answer Type)

Answer any **nine** questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.

13. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \cot x$.
14. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \sinh^2 x dx$.
15. Find $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\cos n}{n}$.
16. Let $a_n = \begin{cases} \frac{n}{2n}, & n \text{ odd}; \\ \frac{1}{2^n}, & n \text{ even}. \end{cases}$ Does $\sum a_n$ converge?
17. For what values of x do the power series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{x^n}{n}$ converges?
18. Find the center and radius of the conic section $x^2 + 4x + y^2 = 12$.

19. Locate the vertices of an ellipse of eccentricity 0.8 whose foci lie at the points $(0, \pm 7)$.
20. Determine the conic section from the equation $3x^2 - 6xy + 3y^2 + 2x - 7 = 0$.
21. Graph the sets of points whose polar co-ordinates satisfy the condition $1 \leq r \leq 2$ and $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi/2$.
22. Find the polar equation for the circle $x^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 9$.
23. Find the directrix of the parabola $r = \frac{5}{2 + 2\cos\theta}$.
24. Determine if the sequence $a_n = \frac{3n + 1}{n + 1}$ is non-decreasing and if it is bounded from above.

(9 × 2 = 18 marks)

Part C (Short Essay Type)

*Answer any six questions.
Each question carries 5 marks.*

25. Show that $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (1 + x)^{1/x} = e$.

26. Does the sequence whose n^{th} term is $a_n = \left(\frac{n+1}{n-1}\right)^n$ converge? If so, find $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n$.

27. Find a formula for the n^{th} partial sum of the series $2 + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{9} + \frac{2}{27} + \dots + \frac{2}{3^{n-1}}$ and use it to find the series's sum if the series converges.

28. Find the surface area generated by revolving the curves $x = t + \sqrt{2}$, $y = \frac{t^2}{2} + \sqrt{2t}$, $-\sqrt{2} \leq t \leq \sqrt{2}$ about y-axis.

29. Show that the point $(2, 3\pi/4)$ lies on the curve $r = 2 \sin 2\theta$.

30. Find the Maclaurin series for the function $f(x) = xe^x$.

31. Determine whether the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3}$ converges or diverges.
32. Does $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln n}{n^{3/2}}$ converges?
33. Find the radius and interval of convergence of the series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n (4x+1)^n$.

(6 × 5 = 30 marks)

Part D (Essay Type)

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

34. Find the sum of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$.
35. Find the Taylor series generated by $f(x) = 1/x$ at $a = 2$. Where if anywhere, does the series converges to $1/x$?
36. Find the length of the curve $x = t^2/2, y = \frac{(2t+1)^{3/2}}{3}, 1 \leq t \leq 4$.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)