

FIFTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2011

(CCSS)

Mathematics—Core Course

MM 5B 05—VECTOR CALCULUS

Three Hours

Maximum Weightage : 30

*Answer all the twelve questions.*A vector that is perpendicular to both of the vectors \vec{A} and \vec{B} is _____.

Find parametric equations of the line through the points P (-2, 0, 3) and Q (3, 5, -2).

Write a vector normal to the plane $ax + by + cz = d$.The Cartesian equation of the surface $z = r^2$ is _____.A particle moves along the curve $x = 3t^2, y = t^2, z = t^3$. Find the velocity at $t = 1$.

The curvature of a straight line is _____.

Domain of the function $f(x, y, z) = \frac{1}{xyz}$ is _____.Find dy/dx if $x^2 + \sin y - 2y = 0$.Find the gradient of the function $f(x, y) = y - x$ at (2, 1).Write the Taylor's formula for $f(x, y)$ at the origin.

State Fubini's theorem (first form) for calculating double integrals.

Find the divergence of $\vec{F} = 2xz \vec{i} - xy \vec{j} = z \vec{k}$.

(12 × ¼ = 3)

*Answer all the nine short answer questions.*Find the angle between the planes $3x - 6y - 2z = 15$ and $2x + y - 2z = 5$.Find the spherical coordinate equation for the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + (z - 1)^2 = 1$.Show that the function $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 - 2z^2$ satisfies the Laplace's equation $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^2} = 0$.Find the derivative of $xe^y + \cos(xy)$ at (2, 0) in the direction of $\vec{A} = 3\vec{i} - 4\vec{j}$.Find the local extreme values of the function $f(x, y) = xy$.Find the area enclosed by the lemniscate $r^2 = 4 \cos 2\theta$.Evaluate $\int_1^e \int_1^e \int_1^e \frac{1}{xyz} dz dy dx$.

Turn over

20. Find the circulation of the field $\vec{F} = (x - y)\vec{i} + x\vec{j}$ around the curve $\vec{r}(t) = \cos t\vec{i} + \sin t\vec{j}, 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$.
21. Find the divergence of $\vec{F} = (x^2 - y)\vec{i} + (xy - y^2)\vec{j}$.

(9 ×

Answer any five short essay questions.

22. Find the unit tangent vector, Principal unit normal vector, Binormal vector curvature and torsion at t for the curve $\vec{r}(t) = 3\sin t\vec{i} + 3\cos t\vec{j} + 4t\vec{k}$.
23. Find the linearization of $f(x, y) = x^2 - xy + \frac{1}{2}y^2 + 3$ at the point of (3, 2).
24. Find the angle between the surfaces $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$ and $z = x^2 + y^2 - 3$ at the point (2, -1, 2).
25. Find the average value of $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = xyz$ over the cube bounded by the coordinate planes and the planes $x = 2, y = 2$ and $z = 2$ in the first octant.
26. Show that $\vec{F}(e^x \cos y + yz)\vec{i} + (xz - e^x \sin y)\vec{j} + (xy + z)\vec{k}$ is conservative and find a potential function for it.
27. Using Green's theorem evaluate the integral $\oint_C xydy - y^2dx$ where C is the square cut from the first quadrant by the lines $x = 1$, and $y = 1$.
28. Find a parametrization of the cone $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}, 0 \leq z \leq 1$.

(5 × 2 =

Answer any two essay questions.

29. Find the points closest to the origin on the hyperbolic cylinder $x^2 - z^2 - 1 = 0$.
30. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^{1-x} \sqrt{x+y} (y-2x)^2 dydx$ by applying the transformations $u = x + y$ and $v = y - 2x$.
31. State Divergence theorem. Verify Divergence theorem for the field $\vec{F} = x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + z\vec{k}$ over sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$.

(2 × 4 =