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(Pages: 3) Name.....

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FIFTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2013

(UG-CCSS)

Physics-Open Course

PH5D 01(1)/AP5D 01(1)—NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES

Time : Three Hours

I.

Maximum: 30 Weightage

Part I (Short Answers Programme)

				s from this part.	
Each question carries a weightage of 1/4. Objective type questions. Answer all questions:					31
			way anina	What do you mean by the declaration of the	14
1	Which	n of the following is an exam	mple of pr	imary energy source :	
	(a)	Solar cell.	(b)	Coal.	
	(c)	Bio gas.	(d)	Wood.	
2	The in wavel	ntensity of solar radiation rength:	eaching a	at the outer limit of atmosphere is maximum	for a
	(a)	0.28 μm.	(b)	0.48 µm. a lamenineg a vd Jasem a san W	63
	(c)	1.8 μm.	(d)	2.5 μm.	0.8
3	An ex	ample of material for phase	e change	energy storage is:	IL
	(a)	Hydrogen.	(b)	Water.	
	(c)	Carbon.	(d)	Oil.	
4	An ex	ample of indirect solar elect	rical tech	nology is :	
	(a)	Wind power plant.	(b)	Nuclear power.	
	(c)	Hydroelectric power.	(d)	Solar water heater.	80.00
5	The co	ontours of constant wind po	SOUNT THOS	EXCURING THE IMPROPERTY WITH PROPERTY OF S	2.5
ioli		Isocotes.	slow to elu	With the belp of a diagram, explain the princi-	24
			(b)	Isovents.	
		Isodynes.	(d)	Isobars.	25
6	Which and of the following is a removable and the second of				
	(a)	Coal.	(b)	Natural gas.	
	(c)	Biomas.		None of the above.	

Ozone absorbs mainly the — band of sunlight.

8 Solar cells use — effect to convert solar energy directly to electrical energy.

9 In a wind turbine for power generation, — energy is converted to electrical energy.

10 Geothermal steam originating from the magma of the earth is called — .

11 Periodic rise and fall of the water level of sea under the influence of sun and moon is called — .

12 — is an example of alkali-metal high temperature batteries.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{4} = 3 \text{ weightage})$

Part II (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer all nine questions.

Each question carries 1 weightage.

- 13 Define Solar constant.
- 14 What do you mean by the declination of the solar rays?
- 15 Name the different types of solar collectors.
- 16 What are the two primary mechanisms for producing forces from wind on a wind turbine?
- 17 What do you mean by biomass energy sources? Give examples.
- 18 What do you mean by the magma of earth?
- 19 What is meant by a geothermal reservoir?
- 20 Define tidal range.
- 21 What is meant by a fuel cell? How is it different from a battery?

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ weightage})$

Part III (Short Essay Type Questions)

Answer any five questions.

Each question carries 2 weightage.

- 22 Describe the different methods used for storing solar energy.
- 23 Explain the technology and applications of a solar pond.
- 24 With the help of a diagram, explain the principle of solar furnace. Explain any one application of solar furnace.
- 25 With the help of diagram, explain the parts of a horizontal axis type wind power generator.
- 26 Explain the construction and working of a biogas plant.
- 27 What are the advantages and disadvantages of geothermal energy form.
- 28 With the help of a diagram, explain the operation of a wave-energy converter using floats.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ weightage})$

Part IV (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 4 weightage.

- 29 Explain the action of different types of flat-plate solar collectors. What are the advantages of flat-plate collectors?
- 30 (a) What are the geothermal sources?
 - (b) Describe any one technique for generating power from geothermal sources.
- 31 Write short notes on:
 - (a) Hydrogen fuel cells.
 - (b) Lead acid battery.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weightage})$